

Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule for Air Quality Control

EIA Ref	Environmental Protection Measures	Location/Timing	Implementation Agent	Implementation Stages*			Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
				D	C	O	
Construction Phase (Air Quality Control)							
S3.8	Dust mitigation measures stipulated in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation shall be incorporated to control dust emission. Notice shall be given to authority prior to commencing of work. Relevant control measures include: - watering on the work sites at Siu Ho Wan WTW twice a day; - skip hoist for material transport shall be totally enclosed by impervious sheeting; - vehicle washing facilities shall be provided at every vehicle exit point; - the area where vehicle washing takes place and the section of the road between the washing facilities and the exit point shall be paved with concrete, bituminous materials or hardcores; - every main haul road shall be scaled with concrete and kept clear of dusty materials or sprayed with water so as to maintain the entire road surface wet; - every stock of more than 20 bags of cement shall be covered entirely by impervious sheeting placed in an area sheltered on the top and the three sides; - all dusty materials shall be sprayed with water prior to any loading, unloading or transfer operation so as to maintain the dusty materials wet; - every vehicle shall be washed to remove any dusty materials from its body and wheels before leaving the construction sites; - the dusty materials stockpiled on site shall be covered; and - the load of dusty materials carried by vehicle leaving a construction site shall be covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting to ensure dust materials do not leak from the vehicle.	Work site / during construction period.	Contractor		√		Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation
Operation Phase(Air Quality)							
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Construction Phase (Noise Control)							
S4.8.1	Use of silenced PME	Work site close to all NSRs	Contractor		√		NCO, EIAO-TM
S4.8.6	Good Site Practices: - Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction program. - Mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible. - Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum. - Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs. - Material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilised, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on-site construction activities. - Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be utilised and should be properly maintained during the construction programme.	Work site close to all NSRs / throughout the construction period.	Contractor		√		NCO, EIAO-TM

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Operation Phase(Noise Control)							
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Construction Phase (Water Quality Control)							
S5.7.2	<i>Construction Site Runoff and Drainage</i> - Before commencing any site formation work, all sewer and drainage connections shall be sealed to prevent debris, soil, sand etc. from entering public sewers/drains. - Sand/silt removal facilities such as sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins shall be provided to remove sand/silt particles from runoff to meet the requirements of the Technical Memorandum standard under the Water Pollution Control Ordinance. The design of silt removal facilities shall be based on the guidelines provided in ProPECC PN 1/94. All drainage facilities and erosion and sediment control structures shall be inspected monthly and maintained to ensure proper and efficient operation at all times and particularly during rainstorms. - Water pumped out from foundation excavations shall be discharged into silt removal facilities. - Exposed soil surfaces shall be protected by paving or fill material as soon as possible to reduce the potential of soil erosion. - Open stockpiles of construction materials or construction wastes on-site of more than 50m3 shall be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		√		ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO
S5.7.3	<i>General Construction Activities</i> Debris and rubbish generated on-site shall be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid entering the nearby watercourses and storm water drains. Stockpiles of cement and other construction materials shall be kept covered when not being used.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		√		ProPECC PN 1/94; WPCO
S5.7.4	Oils and fuels shall only be used and stored in designated areas which have pollution prevention facilities. All fuel tanks and storage areas shall be provided with locks and be sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank. The bund shall be drained of rainwater after a rain event.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		√		
S5.7.5	<i>Sewage from Construction Workforce</i> Temporary sanitary facilities, such as portable chemical toilets, shall be employed on-site. A licensed contractor shall be responsible for appropriate disposal and maintenance of these facilities.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		√		WPCO
Operation Phase(Water Quality Control)							
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Construction Phase (Ecology)							
S.6.9.3	<i>Mitigation to minimise impacts on vegetation in woodland</i> All trees shall be preserved as far as possible, especially species of high conservation or amenity value. Recommendations to be provided in the Tree Survey Report to mitigate impacts on trees shall be followed. Where trees are to be preserved in-situ, but are likely to be disturbed from works activities, protective fencing/hoarding shall be carefully set up around the affected trees (refer to	Work site / particularly woodland / During design phase and construction period	WSD/ Contractor	√	√		EIAO

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S.6.9.4/ S.6.11.2	Landscape and Visual). Disturbance of individuals of the shrub/tree species Pavetta hongkongensis and tree Aquilaria sinensis of conservation interest should be avoided. A buffer to the dripline of each plant of at least 1m radius should be demarcated to prohibit disturbance. Where loss of this species would be unavoidable, it is recommended that these plants may be transplanted to safe locations within the same habitat. Following transplantation, regular monitoring of the trees and seedlings should be conducted by a suitably qualified botanist/horticulturist over a 12-month period.						
S.6.9.5	<i>Mitigation to minimise impacts on aquatic ecology</i> Trench excavation works for the raw water mains near the stream courses should be carried out in the dry season as far as practicable.	Work site / During construction period	WSD/ <i>Contractor</i>	√	√		
S.6.9.6	<i>Mitigation to minimise general disturbance to wildlife</i> Noise mitigation measures through the use of quiet construction plant shall be implemented to minimise disturbance to habitats adjacent to the works areas.	Work site / During construction period	<i>Contractor</i>		√		EIAO
S.6.9.7	<i>General good site practice</i> - Placement of equipment or stockpile in designated works areas and access routes selected on existing disturbed land to minimise disturbance to natural habitats. - Construction activities shall be restricted to works areas that shall be clearly demarcated. The works areas shall be reinstated after completion of the works. - Waste skips shall be provided to collect general refuse and construction wastes. The wastes shall be disposed of timely and properly off-site. - General drainage arrangements shall include sediment and oil traps to collect and control construction site run-off. - Open burning on works sites is illegal, and shall be strictly prohibited. Stove fires on works sites shall also not be allowed. Temporary fire fighting equipment shall be provided particularly in woodland areas.	Work site / During construction period	<i>Contractor</i>		√		EIAO
S.6.9.8.	<i>Re-vegetation to reinstate works areas</i> As far as possible compensatory planting shall use native plants of the same species that occur in the adjacent woodland habitat and have flowers/fruits attractive to wildlife. On-site compensatory planting should be conducted on at least a one to one basis.	Work site in woodland / Immediately following works	<i>Contractor</i>		√		EIAO
Operation Phase(Ecology)							
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Construction Phase (Landscape and Visual Impact)							
S7.9	- All existing top-soil shall be conserved and reused - Temporary hoarding barriers shall be of a recessive visual appearance in both colour and form. - Chromatic colour scheme with appropriate texture should be considered while designing the external surface of the proposed SHW Raw Water Booster Pumping Station in order to visually merge the proposed structures into the surrounding landscape.	During construction phase	<i>Contractor</i>		√		EIAO-TM
Operation Phase(Landscape and Visual Impact)							

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S7.9	- New compensatory planting works shall be carried out as early as possible in the construction period which allow maximum time for establishment and more mature trees when the works completed. - Landscape or compensatory planting shall be provided where appropriate for enhancing greening and achieving visual screening. In this aspect, compensatory tree planting shall be considered. Selection of plant species shall match with the surrounding vegetation type and form for consistency of landscape resources and visual comfort, for matching with the local habitat. Tree planting shall be firstly considered when the amenity area or slope is feasible for planting trees so as to provide visual screening.	During operation phase	Contractor			√	EIAO-TM
S7.9	- Planting area of approximately 2000 to 3000mm wide where fast growing tall trees with dense foliage shall be provided along the site boundary of Siu Ho Wan Raw Water Booster Pumping Station for visual screening. - For planting close to or surrounded by natural terrain, compensatory planting should be arranged in a semi natural manner where feasible in order to blend the new planting into natural environment. - The newly planted trees, shrubs and grassed areas are maintained throughout the first 12 months of the operation stage.	During operation phase	Contractor			√	EIAO-TM
Waste Management							
S10.5.1 - S10.5.3	<i>Good Site Practices</i> Good site practices during the construction activities include: - Nomination of approved personnel, such as a site manager, to be responsible for good site practices and making arrangements for collection of all wastes generated at the site and effective disposal to an appropriate facility. - Training of site personnel in proper waste management and chemical waste handling procedures. - Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection for disposal. - Appropriate measures to minimise windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers. - Regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil interceptors. - A Waste Management Plan shall be prepared and submitted to the Engineer for approval. One may make reference to ETWB TCW No. 15/2003 for details. - A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed (including the disposal sites) shall be proposed. - In order to monitor the disposal of C&D material at public filling areas and to control fly tipping, a trip-ticket system shall be included as one of the contractual requirements to be implemented by an Environmental Team undertaking the Environmental Monitoring and Audit work. One may make reference to WBTC No. 21/2002 for details.	Work site / the During construction period	Contractor		√		Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap.54) WBTC No.21/2002, ETWB TCW No. 15/2003
S10.5.4	<i>Waste Reduction Measures</i> Waste reduction is best achieved at the planning and design stage, as well as by ensuring the implementation of good site practices. Recommendations to achieve waste reduction	Work site / During planning & design stage, and construction	WSD/Contractor	√	√		WBTC No.4/98, ETWB TCW No. 15/2003

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	include: - Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal. - Separate labelled bins shall be provided to segregate aluminium cans from other general refuse generated by the work force, and to encourage collection of by individual collectors. - Any unused chemicals or those with remaining functional capacity shall be recycled. - Maximising the use of reusable steel formwork to reduce the amount of C&D material. - Proper storage and site practices to minimise the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials. - Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimise amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste.	stage					
S10.5.9	<i>General Refuse</i> General refuse shall be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separate from C&D material. A reputable waste collector shall be employed by the contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D material.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		√		Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Cap. 132)
S10.5.7	<i>Construction & Demolition (C&D) Material</i> When disposing C&D material at a public filling area, it shall be noted that the material shall only consist of soil, rock, concrete, brick, cement plaster/mortar, inert building debris, aggregates and asphalt. The material shall be free from marine mud, household refuse, plastic, metals, industrial and chemical waste, animal and vegetable matter, and other material considered to be unsuitable by the Filling Supervisor.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		√		WBTC No. 4/98, 21/2002, 25/99, 12/2000 ETWB TCW No. 15/2003
S10.5.8	<i>Chemical Wastes</i> If chemical wastes are produced at the construction site, the Contractor would be required to register with the EPD as a Chemical Waste Producer and to follow the guidelines stated in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Good quality containers compatible with the chemical wastes shall be used. Appropriate labels shall be securely attached on each chemical waste container indicating the corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste, such as explosives, flammable, oxidizing, irritant, toxic, harmful, corrosive, etc. The Contractor shall use a licensed collector to transport and dispose of the chemical wastes generated at the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre at Tsing Yi, or other licenced facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation. All chemical wastes shall be removed from the waterworks installations at the first instance.	Work site / During the construction period	Contractor		√		

Note: N/A Not applicable

*D – Design; C – Construction; O – Operation