

TSP SAMPLER CALIBRATION CALCULATION SPREADSHEET

Location : Siu Ho Wan WTW Administration
 Location ID : SHWAB
 Name and Model: TISCH HVS Model TE-5170

Date of Calibration: 1-Dec-25
 Next Calibration Date: 1-Feb-26
 Technician: Dicky Chan

CONDITIONS

Sea Level Pressure (hPa)
 Temperature (°C)

1014.4
 22.9

Corrected Pressure (mm Hg)
 Temperature (K)

760.8
 296

CALIBRATION ORIFICE

Make-> TISCH
 Model-> 5025A
 Serial # -> 4064

Qstd Slope ->
 Qstd Intercept ->

2.09671
 -0.01852

CALIBRATION

Plate No.	H2O (L) (in)	H2O (R) (in)	H2O (in)	Qstd (m3/min)	I (chart)	IC corrected	LINEAR REGRESSION
18	6.10	6.10	12.2	1.681	52	52.40	Slope = 28.0613 Intercept = 5.1637 Corr. coeff. = 0.9976
13	4.80	4.80	9.6	1.493	47	47.36	
10	3.60	3.60	7.2	1.294	41	41.31	
7	2.30	2.30	4.6	1.036	33	33.25	
5	1.60	1.60	3.2	0.865	30	30.23	

Calculations :

$$Qstd = 1/m[\text{Sqrt}(H2O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)) - b]$$

$$IC = I[\text{Sqrt}(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)]$$

Qstd = standard flow rate

IC = corrected chart responses

I = actual chart response

m = calibrator Qstd slope

b = calibrator Qstd intercept

Ta = actual temperature during calibration (deg K

Pstd = actual pressure during calibration (mm Hg

For subsequent calculation of sampler flow:

$$1/m((I) [\text{Sqrt}(298/Tav)(Pav/760)] - b)$$

m = sampler slope

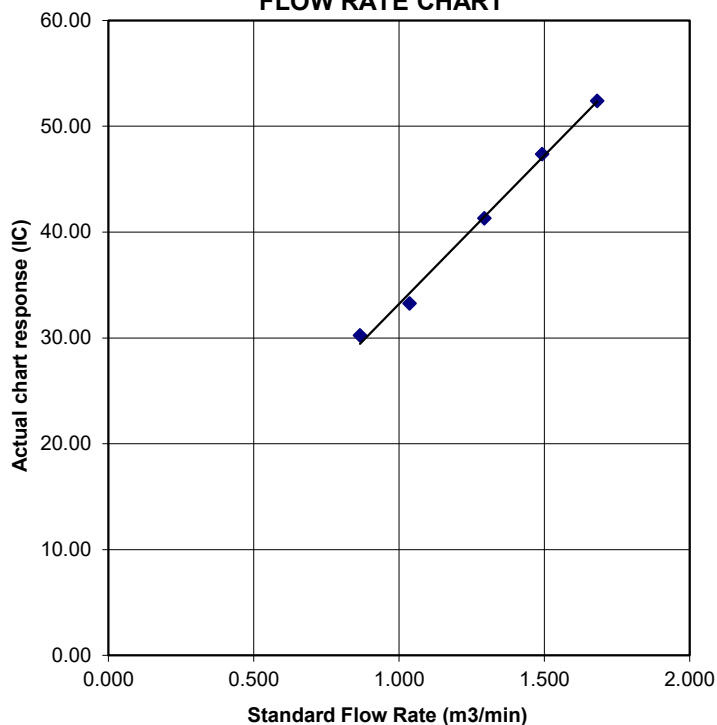
b = sampler intercept

I = chart response

Tav = daily average temperature

Pav = daily average pressure

FLOW RATE CHART





Certificate of Calibration

Calibration Certification Information

Cal. Date: December 16, 2024 Roots-meter S/N: 438320 Ta: 293 °K
Operator: Jim Tisch Pa: 749.0 mm Hg
Calibration Model #: TE-5025A Calibrator S/N: 4064

Run	Vol. Init (m3)	Vol. Final (m3)	ΔVol. (m3)	ΔTime (min)	ΔP (mm Hg)	ΔH (in H2O)
1	1	2	1	1.4600	3.2	2.00
2	3	4	1	1.0300	6.4	4.00
3	5	6	1	0.9220	8.0	5.00
4	7	8	1	0.8770	8.8	5.50
5	9	10	1	0.7250	12.8	8.00

Data Tabulation

Vstd (m3)	Qstd (x-axis)	$\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Pa}{Pstd} \right) \left(\frac{Tstd}{Ta} \right)}$ (y-axis)	Va	Qa (x-axis)	$\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Ta}{Pa} \right)}$ (y-axis)
0.9981	0.6836	1.4159	0.9957	0.6820	0.8845
0.9938	0.9649	2.0024	0.9915	0.9626	1.2509
0.9917	1.0756	2.2388	0.9893	1.0730	1.3985
0.9906	1.1296	2.3480	0.9883	1.1269	1.4668
0.9853	1.3590	2.8318	0.9829	1.3557	1.7690
QSTD	m=	2.09671	QA	m=	1.31292
	b=	-0.01852		b=	-0.01157
	r=	0.99999		r=	0.99999

Calculations

Vstd=	$\Delta Vol((Pa-\Delta P)/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)$	Va=	$\Delta Vol((Pa-\Delta P)/Pa)$
Qstd=	Vstd/ΔTime	Qa=	Va/ΔTime
For subsequent flow rate calculations:			
Qstd=	$1/m \left(\left(\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Pa}{Pstd} \right) \left(\frac{Tstd}{Ta} \right)} \right) - b \right)$	Qa=	$1/m \left(\left(\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Ta}{Pa} \right)} \right) - b \right)$

Standard Conditions

Tstd: 298.15 °K
Pstd: 760 mm Hg

Key

ΔH: calibrator manometer reading (in H2O)
ΔP: roots-meter manometer reading (mm Hg)
Ta: actual absolute temperature (°K)
Pa: actual barometric pressure (mm Hg)
b: intercept
m: slope

RECALIBRATION

US EPA recommends annual recalibration per 1998 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 50 to 51, Appendix B to Part 50, Reference Method for the Determination of Suspended Particulate Matter in the Atmosphere, 9.2.17, page 30